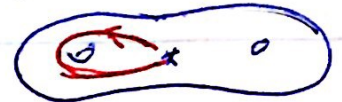


Point-pushing $\hat{=}$ Nielsen Realization

(1)

Goal Use cohomology to study group actions
(or flat connections on fiber bundles)

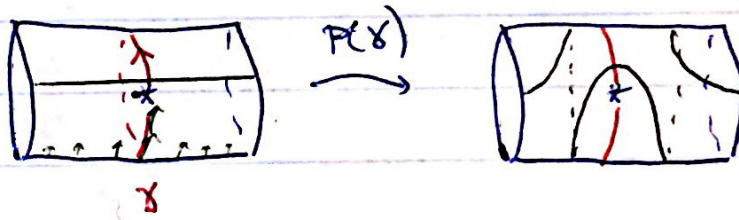
I. Nielsen realization problem for point-pushing.



- Setup
- M mfd, $*$ $\in M$ basepoint
 - $\text{Diff}(M, *)$ diffeos fixing $*$. (C^1 , or-pres)
 - $\text{Mod}(M, *) := \pi_0 \text{Diff}(M, *)$ isotopy classes.

Push homomorphism Push: $\pi_1(M, *) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(M, *)$.

- γ loop based at $*$ $\rightsquigarrow P(\gamma) \in \text{Diff}(M, *)$



- $\text{Push}([\gamma]) = [P(\gamma)]$. Push: $\pi_1(M) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(M, *)$
 $[\gamma] \mapsto [P(\gamma)]$

Remark Push is connecting homomorphism assoc. to fibration

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{Diff}(M, *) & \longrightarrow & \text{Diff}(M) & \longrightarrow & M \\ & & & & \downarrow f \\ & & & & f(*) \end{array}$$

Question 1 Does there exist $\varphi: \pi_1(M) \rightarrow \text{Diff}(M, *)$ s.t.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \varphi \nearrow & \text{Diff}(M, *) \\ \pi_1(M) & \xrightarrow{\text{Push}} & \text{Mod}(M, *) \\ & & \downarrow \text{Commuter?} \end{array}$$

If φ exists, say Push is realized by diffeos. (2)

Significant case $M = \Gamma \backslash G / K$ locally symmetric manifold,
noncompact type

- G real semisimple Lie group w/ no compact factors
(e.g. $\text{Isom}(\mathbb{H}^n)$, $\text{SL}_n(\mathbb{R})$, $E_{8(8)}$)
- $K < G$ maximal compact
- $\Gamma < G$ torsion free lattice

e.g. $G = \text{PSL}_2 \mathbb{R}$ $K = \text{SO}(2)$ $\Gamma = \pi_1(S_g)$ $g \geq 2$
 $\leadsto M = \text{hyperbolic surface.}$

Thm (Bestvina-Church-Souto 2009, Tsch 2014)

If $M = S_g$ closed surface $g \geq 2$ or a loc. symfld st ~~(***)~~
then Push is not realized by diffeos

Rough idea (BCS) Use Euler class and Milnor-Wood
inequalities as obstruction to existence of φ .

II. Flat connections on fiber bundles

- Fix F, M mflds

~~Defn An F bundle $E \rightarrow M$ is flat if~~

Defn An F bundle $E \rightarrow M$ admits a flat connection
(or is flat) if E has a foliation \mathcal{F} whose
leaves project to $\mathbb{B}M$ as covering spaces.

Central example Fix $p: \pi_1(M) \rightarrow \text{Diff}(F)$.

Define $E_p \rightarrow M$ where

$$E_p = \frac{\tilde{M} \times F}{\pi_1(M)}$$

The foliation with leaves

$$\text{in } \left[\tilde{M} \times \{x\} \hookrightarrow \tilde{M} \times F \longrightarrow \frac{\tilde{M} \times F}{\pi_1(M)} \right]$$

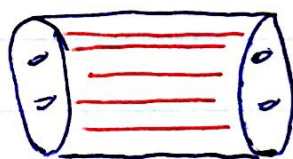
defines a flat connection on $E_p \rightarrow M$.

Remark Every example is of this form.

Flat connections on surface bundles

• (Morita) $\exists S_g \rightarrow E \rightarrow M^6$ not flat.

• Remark Every $S_g \rightarrow E \rightarrow S^1$ is flat

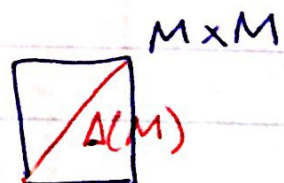


$S_g \times [0,1]$.

• Open Q: Is every $S_g \rightarrow E \rightarrow S_n$ flat?

Question 2

- $M \quad \pi_1(M) \neq 1$
- $M \times M \rightarrow M$ proj 1st factor
- $\Delta: M \rightarrow M \times M$



Does $M \times M \rightarrow M$ admit a flat connection here? Δ is parallel?

Monodromy $\hat{=}$ flat connections

- $F \rightarrow E \rightarrow M \rightsquigarrow$ monodromy $\mu: \pi_1(M) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(F) \cong \text{Diff}(F)$
- $E \rightarrow M$ flat \Rightarrow

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \varphi \nearrow & \text{Diff}(F) \\ \pi_1(M) & \xrightarrow{\mu} & \text{Mod}(F) \\ & \downarrow & \end{array}$$
- $M \times M \rightarrow M \rightsquigarrow$ monodromy
 $\Delta: M \rightarrow M \times M$ Push: $\pi_1(M) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(M, *)$
- $M \times M \rightarrow M$ flat wrt $\Delta \Rightarrow$ Push realized by diffeos.

Ranks on converse

- (i) False for $\pi_1(M) = 1$.
- (ii) True ~~for~~ when $\dim(M) = 2$
 because $B\text{Diff}(M) \sim B\text{Mod}(M)$
 but not true in general. (realization might define flat conn on different ball.)

III. Characteristic classes of flat bundles

• Fix F .

Defn A characteristic class c is a map
 $(F \rightarrow E \rightarrow M) \mapsto c(E) \in H^k(M)$

that is natural wrt bundle pullbacks.

Trend Characteristic classes of flat bundles are often restricted

Examples

Pontryagin classes

① $\mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow E \rightarrow M^n$ vector bundle.

- $p_i(E) \in H^{4i}(M; \mathbb{R})$ i th Pontryagin class.
- Chern-Weil theory: $E \rightarrow M$ flat $\Rightarrow p_i(E) = 0 \forall i \geq 0$.
- Ex $M = \mathbb{C}P^2$ $T\mathbb{C}P^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^2$
 $p_1(T\mathbb{C}P^2) \neq 0 \Rightarrow TM \rightarrow M$ not flat.

② Euler class

$\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow E \rightarrow S_g$ vector bundle $g \geq 1$. (S_g closed)

- $e(E) \in H^2(S_g; \mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}$ Euler class
- Milnor-Wood inequality (1958):
 $E \rightarrow S_g$ flat $\Rightarrow 1-g \leq e(E) \leq g-1$
- Car $TS_g \rightarrow S_g$ does not have a flat ~~(linear)~~ linear connection.
 $e(TS_g) = \chi(S_g)$ $g \geq 2$

IV. Main theorem

- $M^n = \Gamma \backslash G / K$.

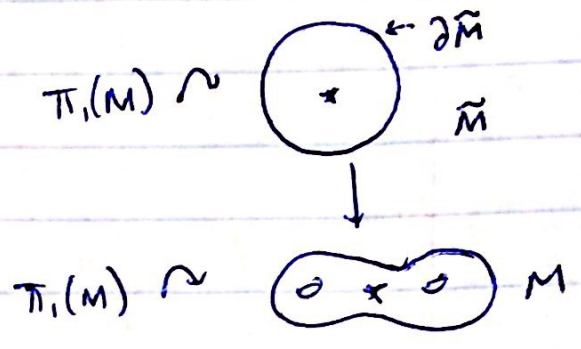
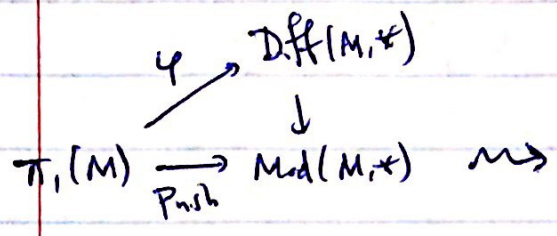
Thm (T) Suppose one of the following.

- (i) M product of closed surfaces, genus ≥ 2 .
- (ii) $p_i(TM) \neq 0$ some $i \geq 0$.
- (iii) $R\text{-rank}(G) \geq 2$, Γ irreducible & nonuniform
 (e.g. $\Gamma = SL_n \mathbb{Z}$ $G = SL_n \mathbb{R}$)

Then Push is not realized by diffeos.

Proof Outline

Step 1 (Push realized) + (M nonpar. curved) \Rightarrow $\left(\begin{array}{l} TM \rightarrow M \text{ has} \\ \text{same cc's as} \\ \text{flat } \cancel{GL(n, \mathbb{R})} \text{ bundle} \\ \text{vector} \end{array} \right) \neq (\#)$



Induces

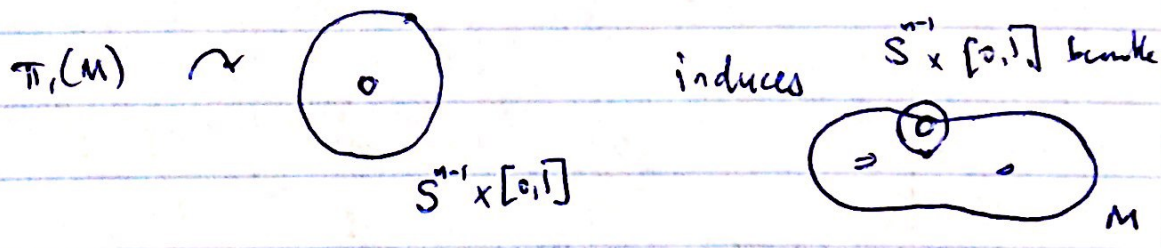
$$\rho_1 : \pi_1(M) \rightarrow GL(T_* \tilde{M}) \rightarrow \text{Homeo}(S^{n-1})$$

$$\rho_2 : \pi_1(M) \rightarrow G \rightarrow \text{Homeo}(S^{n-1})$$

ρ_1, ρ_2 induce flat S^{n-1} bundles $E_1 \rightarrow M$ $E_2 \rightarrow M$

- s.t.
- $E_2 \cong TM$ unit tangent
 - E_1 has flat linear connection.

$E_1 \cong E_2$ have same cc's b/c they're fiberwise bordant.



Step 2 Show ~~that~~ $(\#)$ false

using Milnor-Wood inequalities, Chern-Weil Theory, or Margulis super-rigidity

Q: Which examples does Thm apply to?

Short Ans: For any $G \neq SO(n,1)$ thm either applies to - all cocompact Γ or - all noncocompact Γ (possibly both)

Pontryagin classes When is $p_i(T(\Gamma \backslash G/K)) \neq 0$ for some i ?

Assume Γ cocompact.

• (Borel-Hirzebruch '58) gave algorithm

(answer depends only on G when Γ cocompact)

• (T) implement algorithm $\forall G$:

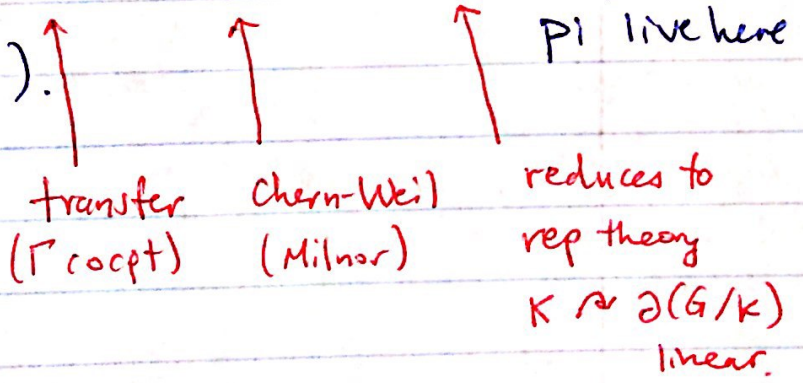
$T: M \rightarrow M$ flat induced by

$$\Gamma \rightarrow G \rightarrow \text{Homeo}(\partial(G/K)) \cong S^{n-1}$$

must compute

$$M \approx B\Gamma \rightarrow BG^\delta \rightarrow BG \rightarrow B\text{Homeo}(S^{n-1})$$

on $H^*(-)$.



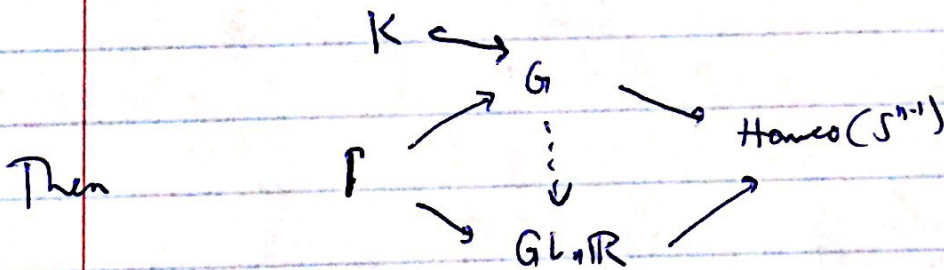
Some non zero
Pontryagin classes

- $SU(p,q)$ $p, q \geq 1$ $p+q \geq 2$
- $SP(2n, \mathbb{R})$ $n \geq 2$
- $SO(p,q)$ $p, q \geq 2$ $(p,q) \neq (2,2), (3,3)$
- $SO^*(2n)$ $n \geq 3$
- $G_{2(2)}$ $F_4(4)$ $F_4(-20)$
- $E_6(6)$ $E_6(2)$ $E_6(14)$
- $E_7(7)$ $E_7(5)$ $E_7(-25)$
- $E_8(8)$ $E_8(-24)$

All pontryagin
classes zero.

- $SL_n \mathbb{R}$ $n \geq 2$
- $SO(n,1)$ $n \geq 2$
- $SU^*(2n)$ $n \geq 2$
- $E_6(-26)$
- $SL_n \mathbb{C}, SO(n, \mathbb{C}), SP(2n, \mathbb{C})$
- $G_2(\mathbb{C}), F_4(\mathbb{C}), E_6(\mathbb{C})$
- $E_7(\mathbb{C}), E_8(\mathbb{C})$.

Super rigid case WTS $TM \rightarrow M$ not flat. Suppose it is.



commutes on $H^*(B-)$

\Rightarrow isotropy rep $K \rightarrow Aut(T_{eK} G/K)$ extends (\neq) to rep of G .

Use rep theory to show (\neq) false. \square